

Le présent simple

- What time **do you wake up**?
- I **wake up** at 9.30 am

Principaux emplois: vérités permanentes, actions répétitives/habituelles; sentiments

Syntaxe: Ajoutez un **-S** à la **3ème personne du singulier**. Si le verbe se termine par un **-y précédé d'une consonne**, le **-y** se change en **-ies**

Exemple:

I **wake up**
You **wake up**
He/She/It **wakeS up**
We **wake up**
You **wake up**
They **wake up**

Négation: Utilisez **DON'T** ou **DOESN'T** (3ème forme du singulier)

I **don't** wake up at 9.30 am
She **doesn't** wake up at 9.30 am

Question: Utilisez **DON'T** ou **DOESN'T** (3ème forme du singulier)

Do you wake up at 9.30?
Does she wake up at 9.30?

Réponses:

Do you wake up at 9.30 ?

Réponses longues:	Yes, I wake up at 9.30	No, I don't wake up at 9.30
Réponses courtes:	Yes, I do.	No, I don't.

EXERCISE: Mettre les verbes au présent simple

1. The cinema _____ (close) at 7 pm.
2. The _____ (not/think) that you should buy this dress.
3. We usually _____ (take) a taxi to go to work.
4. How often _____ (you go) to the swimming-pool?
5. Courses _____ (begin) the third of September.
6. When _____ (he arrive) home in the evenings?
7. They _____ (not/live) in Washington, they _____ (live) in New York.
8. We usually _____ (take) a taxi to go to work.
9. He _____ (get up) early on Mondays.
10. I _____ (not/believe) in witches.
11. The Sun's rays _____ (take) eight minutes to reach the Earth.

REPONSES

1. closes – 2. do not think = don't think – 3. take – 4. do you go – 5. begin – 6. when does he arrive home? – 7. don't live | live – 8. take – 9. gets up – 10. don't believe – 11. take